

February 23, 2010

## ECEN 689: High-Speed Links

### Homework #3

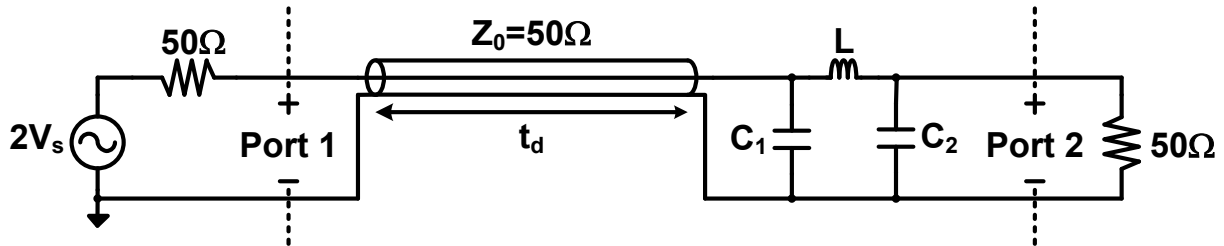
Due: 3-3-2010, 9:10AM

**Homeworks will not be received after due.**

Instructor: Sam Palermo

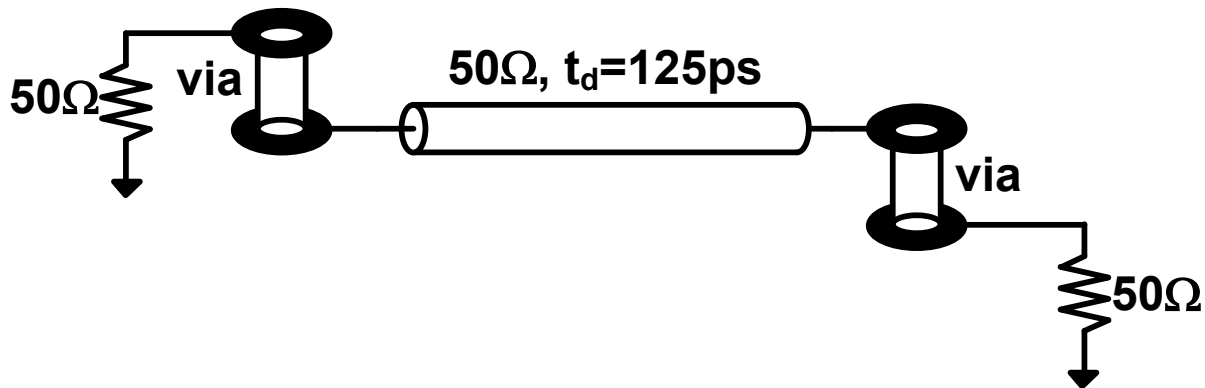
1. Plot  $S_{11}$  and  $S_{21}$  for the following two-port model for each of the following cases:

- $t_d=0\text{ps}$  (no t-line),  $C_1=0\text{pF}$ ,  $L=0\text{nH}$ ,  $C_2=1\text{pF}$
- $t_d=0\text{ps}$  (no t-line),  $C_1=0.6\text{pF}$ ,  $L=1\text{nH}$ ,  $C_2=0.4\text{pF}$
- $t_d=100\text{ps}$ ,  $C_1=0.6\text{pF}$ ,  $L=1\text{nH}$ ,  $C_2=0.4\text{pF}$



Hint: Probably the easiest way to do this is to simulate this in Cadence.

2. S-parameter values extracted with  $50\Omega$  termination at 5GHz are given below for a via structure and an ideal  $50\Omega$  transmission line with a delay of 125ps. Using these independent s-parameter matrices, calculate the equivalent 5GHz s-parameter matrix of a channel consisting of a via, transmission line, and another via.

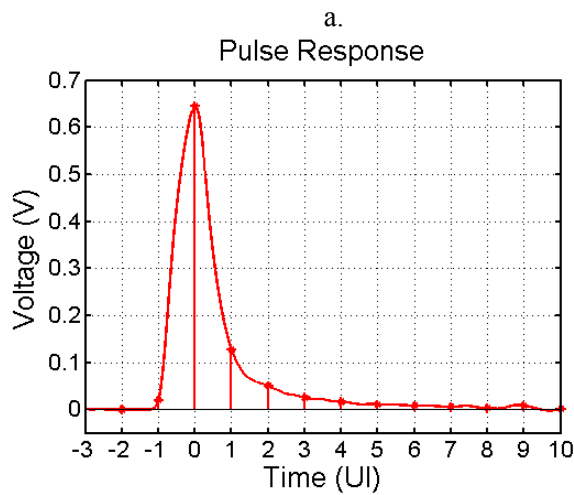


$$\begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} \end{bmatrix}_{\text{via}} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.194 - j0.215 & 0.464 - j0.837 \\ 0.464 - j0.837 & -0.285 - j0.05 \end{bmatrix}$$

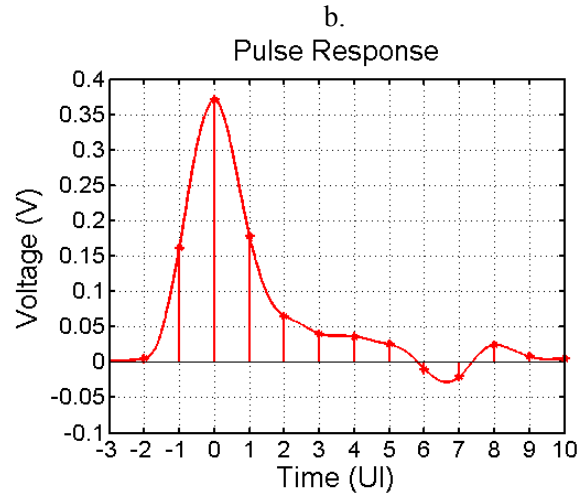
$$\begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} \end{bmatrix}_{\text{t-line}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -0.707 + j0.707 \\ -0.707 + j0.707 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Hint: Feel free to use Matlab.

3. **Channel Transient Simulation.** The objective of this problem is to use measured channel s-parameter data to produce an impulse response and perform a transient simulation in Matlab involving sending random NRZ data across this channel.
  - a. Download the s-parameter file for a 12" Backplane channel, "**peters\_01\_0605\_B12\_thru.s4p**"
  - b. Use the matlab file "**read\_sparam.m**" to produce an impulse response. Note this code requires the function "**xfr\_fn\_to\_imp.m**".
  - c. Use the produced impulse response to perform transient simulations. **Plot eye diagrams at 2.5, 5, and 10Gbps.** Example code for this is the file "**channel\_data.m**".
  - d. **Extra Credit (10%):** Using peak distortion analysis, generate the worst-case bit pattern and plot the worst-case eye at 5 and 10Gbps. In generating the worst-case bit pattern, truncate the pulse response such that there are 10 pre-cursor samples and 100 post-cursor samples.
  
4. **Peak Distortion Analysis.** For the 2 "1-bit" pulse response responses,  $y^{(1)}(t)$ , below
  - i. Give the worst-case input bit pattern. Assume the ISI is zero for samples outside the plot range.
  - ii. Give the worst-case eye height.



Time (UI)	Sample(V)
-3	0.001
-2	0.000
-1	0.020
0	0.645
1	0.127
2	0.050
3	0.025
4	0.016
5	0.011
6	0.008
7	0.005
8	0.003
9	0.008
10	0.001



Time (UI)	Sample(V)
-3	0.001
-2	0.005
-1	0.161
0	0.370
1	0.178
2	0.065
3	0.040
4	0.036
5	0.025
6	-0.010
7	-0.020
8	0.025
9	0.008
10	0.005