

CSCSE 315

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Project 1: Database Management System

- Design Document
- DB Engine
- Lexical Parser
- DB Engine and Lexical Parser Integration
- DB Application and integration

Grammar

- **Baccus Naur Form (BNF):**

= : definition

, : concatenation

; or . : termination

| : alternation, or

::= : the symbol on the left must be replaced with the expression on the right

[] : Optional items enclosed in square brackets

{ } : Items repeating 0 or more times

Grammar

insertcmd::=

INSERT INTO relationname VALUES FROM (literal { , literal }); **OR**

INSERT INTO relationname VALUES FROM RELATION expr ;

E.g.,

INSERT INTO relationname VALUES FROM (literal { , literal });

INSERT INTO animals VALUES FROM ("Joe", "cat", 4);

| animals | | |
|---------|------|----|
| Spot | Dog | 10 |
| Snoopy | Dog | 3 |
| Tweety | Bird | 1 |
| Joe | Cat | 4 |

Grammar

E.g.,

INSERT INTO relationname VALUES FROM RELATION expr

INSERT INTO species VALUES FROM RELATION project (kind) animals;

| species |
|---------|
| Pig |
| dog |
| fish |
| |

| animals | | |
|---------|------|----|
| Spot | Dog | 10 |
| Snoopy | Dog | 3 |
| Tweety | Bird | 1 |
| Joe | Cat | 4 |



| species |
|---------|
| Pig |
| Rat |
| fish |
| Dog |
| Dog |
| Bird |
| Cat |

Note: both tables should have a "Primary Key" attribute, but it is ignored here

Grammar

expr ::= atomicexpr

| *selection*

| *projection*

| *renaming*

| *union*

| *difference*

| *product*

selection ::= select (condition) atomicexpr

atomicexpr ::= relationname | (expr)

condition ::= conjunction { || conjunction }

conjunction ::= comparison { && comparison }

comparison ::= operand op operand | (condition)

operand ::= attributename | literal

projection ::= project (attributelist) atomicexpr

A example expr:

Select (kind == "dog" || kind == "cat") animal ;

Select (kind == "dog" || kind == "cat") (project (kind, years) animal);

| animals | | |
|---------|------|----|
| Spot | Dog | 10 |
| Snoopy | Dog | 3 |
| Tweety | Bird | 1 |
| Joe | Cat | 4 |

Grammar

| Spot | Dog | 10 |
|--------|-----|----|
| Snoopy | Dog | 3 |
| Joe | Cat | 4 |

Select (kind == "dog" || kind == "cat") animal ;

| Dog | 10 |
|-----|----|
| Dog | 10 |
| Dog | 3 |
| Cat | 4 |

Select (kind == "dog" || kind == "cat") (project (kind, years) animal)

Continue the previous example, but more complicated command:
INSERT INTO species VALUES FROM RELATION project (kind) animals;

INSERT INTO species VALUES FROM RELATION Select (kind == "dog" || kind == "cat") (project (kind, years) animal);

Recursive Descent Parser

Grammar:

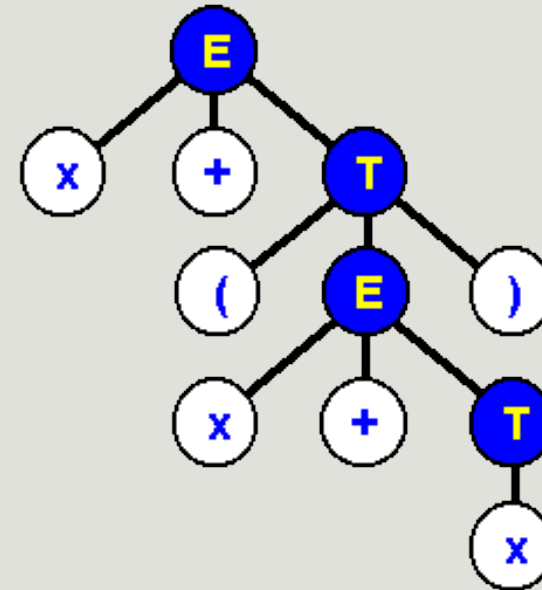
$E ::= x + T$

$T ::= (E) \mid x$

Example:

$x + (x + x)$

- Entire $x + (x + x)$ is an Expression
- $(x + x)$ is a Token
- $x + x$ is an Expression



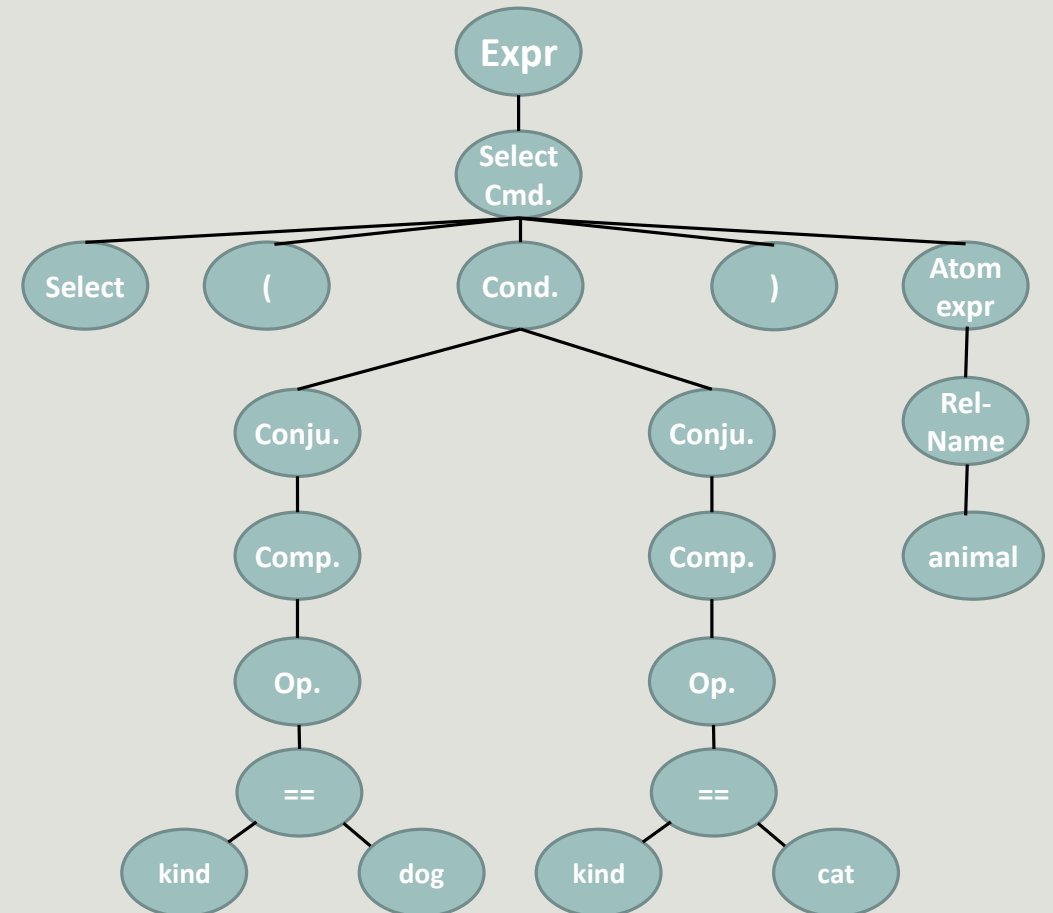
Recursive Descent Parser

Grammar:

selection ::= select (*condition*) *atomicexpr*

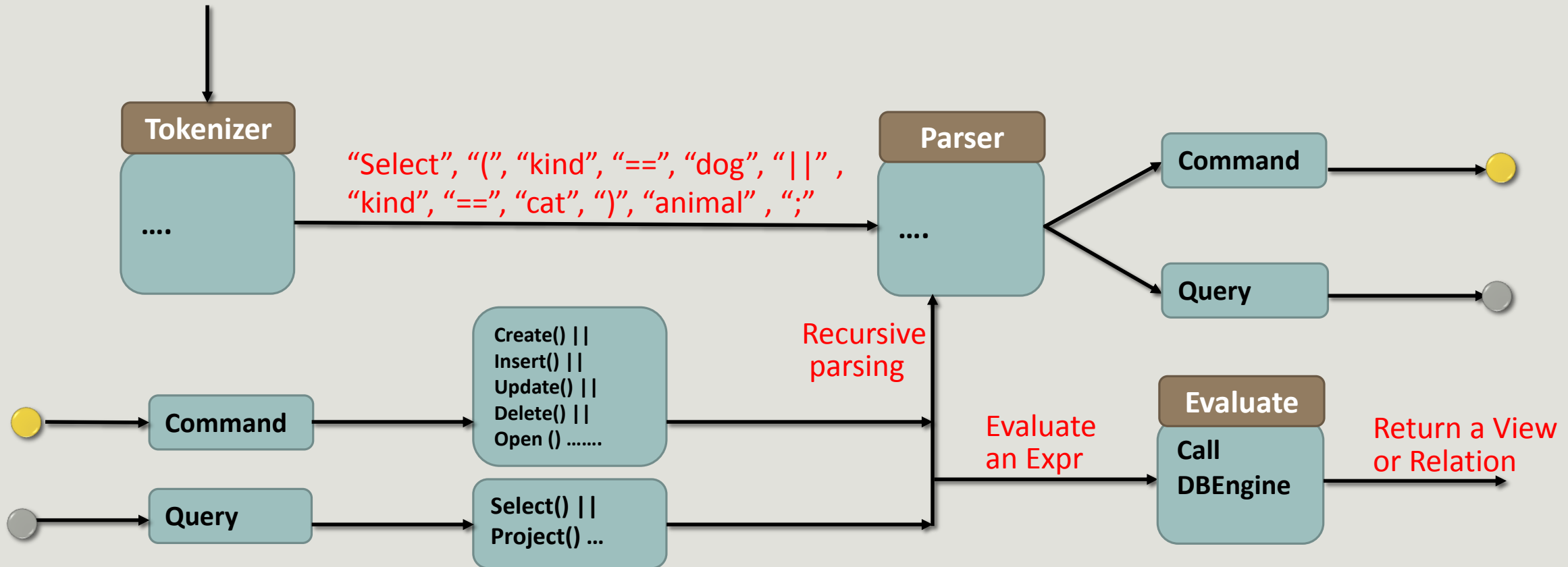
Example:

Select (kind == "dog" || kind == "cat") animal ;



Recursive Descent Parser

Select (kind == "dog" || kind == "cat") animal ;



References

- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Extended_Backus%E2%80%93Naur_Form
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Recursive_descent_parser
- <http://www.cs.engr.uky.edu/~lewis/essays/compilers/rec-des.html>