

## Problem Set 6

CSCE 658 Randomized Algorithms

**Due dates:** Electronic submission of the .pdf file of this homework is due on **3/8/2018 before 11:00am** on e-campus (as a turnitin assignment), a signed paper copy of the pdf file is due on **3/8/2018** at the beginning of class.

**Name:** (put your name here)

**Resources.** (All people, books, articles, web pages, etc. that have been consulted when producing your answers to this homework)

On my honor, as an Aggie, I have neither given nor received any unauthorized aid on any portion of the academic work included in this assignment. Furthermore, I have disclosed all resources (people, books, web sites, etc.) that have been used to prepare this homework.

**Signature:** \_\_\_\_\_

Read Chapter 5 in our textbook.

**Problem 1.** Let  $X$  be a discrete random variable with the Poisson distribution with parameter  $\lambda$ , that is,

$$\Pr[X = k] = e^{-\lambda} \frac{\lambda^k}{k!}.$$

Find the conditional expectation of  $X$  given that  $X$  is an even number.

**Solution.**

**Problem 2.** Let  $X$  be the sum of  $n$  independent  $\{0, 1\}$ -valued random variables with  $\mu = E[X]$ . One can deduce from the Chernoff bound

$$\Pr[X \geq (1 + \delta)\mu] \leq \left( \frac{e^\delta}{(1 + \delta)^{1+\delta}} \right)^\mu$$

the convenient version: For all real numbers  $r \geq 2e\mu$ , we have

$$\Pr[X \geq r] \leq 2^{-r}.$$

Find your own proof of this bound.

**Solution.**

**Problem 3.** A budget data center company offers a scalable dynamic load balancing system that supplies a new machine whenever a new job shows up, so that there are always  $n$  machines available to run  $n$  jobs. Unfortunately, one of the ways the company cuts cost is by not hiring programmers to replace the code from their previous randomized load balancing mechanism, so when the  $i$ -th job arrives, it is still assigned uniformly at random to one of the  $i$  available machines. This means that job 1 is always assigned to machine 1; job 2 is assigned with equal probability to machine 1 or 2; job 3 is assigned with equal probability to machine 1, 2, or 3; and so on. These choices are all independent.

If there are  $n$  jobs, what is the expected load of the  $i$ -th machine? [Hint: Use an indicator random variable  $X_{ij}$  for the event that machine  $i$  gets job  $j$ .]

**Solution.**

**Problem 4 (Continued).** The company claims that the maximum load is still not too bad. Justify this claim by showing that, with high probability, the most loaded machine after  $n$  jobs has arrived has load  $O(\log n)$ . Use the version of the Chernoff bound from Problem 2.

**Solution.**

Homeworks must be typeset in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X.

**Checklist:**

- Did you add your name?
- Did you disclose all resources that you have used?  
(This includes all people, books, websites, etc. that you have consulted)
- Did you sign that you followed the Aggie honor code?
- Did you solve all problems?
- Did you submit the pdf file (resulting from your latex file) of your homework?
- Did you submit a hardcopy of the pdf file in class?